

## PLATSIL GELS

### Technical Data Sheet

#### 1. DESCRIPTION:

PlatSil Gels are 1A:1B (by weight or volume) platinum cured silicone systems that can be used as mold rubbers, to create prosthetic appliances, and for life casting. Schouten Syntec offers an array of accessory products that can be used independently or in concert to increase working time, accelerate cure time, thicken the mix for brushing/layering, thin the mix for easier pouring, or soften or harden the rubber. Smith's Theatrical Prosthetic Deadener and PlatSil Deadener LV can be added to soften and eliminate the snappy, synthetic look and feel of ordinary silicone rubbers. "Deadened" PlatSil Gels can be made to look, feel and move like living tissue. Unlike silicone fluid, Deadener does not leach from the cured rubber/appliance, so bonding and use are far easier. PlatSil Gel-0030 & PlatSil Gel-0020 are lower in viscosity and are less tacky on cure compared to PlatSil Gel-00.

#### 2. MIXING AND CURING:

Before use, be sure that Parts A and B are at room temperature and that all tools are ready. Surface and air temperatures should be above 60°F during application and for the entire curing period. Carefully measure or weigh Part B and then Part A in proper ratio into a clean mixing container. Mix thoroughly, scraping sides and bottom of the container. The mix should be quickly placed over the model or in the mold. If more working time is needed, PlatSil 71/73 Part R Retarder can be used so vacuuming, pressure casting, or larger mixes can be accomplished.

#### 3. MOLD MAKING - INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS:

Seal porous models (e.g., wood or plaster) with wax, petroleum jelly, lacquer or paint to prevent penetration of the rubber into the pores of the material. The model and other surfaces that contact the liquid rubber should be coated lightly with Pol-Ease 2350 Release Agent or sprayed with Pol-Ease 2500 Release Agent. Pol-Ease 2350 is both a sealer and release agent and must be allowed to dry before applying liquid rubber. Pol-Ease 2500 is an aerosol spray and does not need to dry before applying liquid rubber. Do not use silicone-based release agents (i.e., Pol-Ease 2300) on surfaces that contact liquid PlatSil rubbers since inhibition and/or adhesion may occur. In addition, modeling clays containing sulfur will inhibit curing. Contamination with soaps, amines, sulfur, tin compounds, polyester resins and some silicone rubbers can inhibit surface cure. PlatSil rubber may bond to cured silicone rubber unless a parting agent (i.e., Pol-Ease 2350 or 2500 Release Agent) is used. If in doubt, perform a test cure on a similar surface to ensure proper cure and release. Porous models should be vented from beneath to prevent trapped air from causing bubbles in the rubber. For best results, the PlatSil Gel mold should be allowed to cure for the specified demold time before it is put into use. No release agent is necessary for casting most materials in properly-cured PlatSil Gels. For longer mold life when casting epoxy, polyurethane or polyester resins, a barrier coat or release agent is recommended.

#### 4. MOLD MAKING - LIFE CASTING:

PlatSil Gels can be used to make molds of hands, feet, faces and other body parts. Avoid PlatSil Gel contact with eyes, nose, mouth or mucous membranes. Perform small-scale patch testing on the subject prior to starting the project to determine that the subject is not unusually sensitive or allergic to any of the components. PlatSil Gels can be mixed with PlatThix (or more concentrated TinThix) and Part X Accelerator to achieve a brushable mix with a suitable demold time. Vaseline or baby oil can be used to help prevent sticking to hair.

#### 5. MAKING THEATRICAL PROSTHETIC APPLIANCES:

For the purpose of prosthetic and simulated tissue/skin applications, use PlatSil Gels with PlatSil additives to achieve varied hardness or gel-like properties (adding Deadener to PlatSil Gel-0020 and 0030 is not recommended). If a softer rubber is desired, small additions of Deadener will reduce hardness without tack. Increasing the levels of Deadener will result in a tacky to sticky cured The deadened mix can also be injected by syringe into a mold cavity. Using injection, one can create ultra-thin edges that are easily feathered away when applied to the subject. The sticky back surface of the prosthetic appliance permits direct, adhesive-free application to the subject. The appliance can be carefully removed, covered with clear, clean plastic wrap or wax paper and reused. These prosthetics can also be adhered to the skin using uncured PlatSil Gel as a glue (e.g., apply directly to the skin or back of the prosthetic). Use additives such as Silicone Color pigments and flocking to make PlatSil Gels look more tissue-like.

#### 6. ACCELERATING CURE SPEED:

Mix PlatSil Part X into Part B before adding Part A to accelerate gel and cure times. Adding 4 to 5% Part X to the total mix weight reduces working time to 3 minutes with a ~10-minute demold time for PlatSil Gel-10. Experiment to determine the best level of

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Part X for the application.

#### 7. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES:

	Mix ratio by weight or volume	Shore hardness	Pour time (min)	Demold time	Cured color	Mixed viscosity (cP)	Specific volume (in3 /lb)
<b>PlatSil Gel</b>							
PlatSil Gel-00 20	1A:1B	Shore 0020	40 min.	2 hr.	Milky White	3,900 cP	26 in3/lb
PlatSil Gel-00 30	1A:1B	Shore 0030	45 min.	4 hr.	Milky White	6,200 cP	26 in3/lb
PlatSil Gel-00	1A:1B	Shore 0030	6 min.	30 min.	Milky White	22,000 cP	25 in3/lb
PlatSil Gel-10	1A:1B	Shore A10	6 min.	30 min.	Milky White	15,000 cP	25 in3/lb
PlatSil Gel-25	1A:1B	Shore A25	5 min.	60 min.	Milky White	3,500 cP	25 in3/lb

#### 8. RETARDING CURE SPEED:

Add PlatSil Part R to Part A prior to mixing with Part B to slow the cure, yielding longer working time and longer demold time. Add Part R at 1% of the weight of the total mix (A+B) to almost double the working time. Add 2% to nearly triple the working time. Add 5% to Gel-10 to yield a 60-minute working time with a fast, 120-minute demold time. Never use more than 5%, as this may cause the system to not cure at all.

#### 9. THICKENING FOR BRUSH-ON:

Thicken PlatSil Gel by adding PlatThix liquid thickener to the mixed Parts A and B. Add 1% PlatThix to the total mix (by weight) for a light-bodied, non-sag gel. Add up to 5% PlatThix for a thicker mix. Very small quantities of TinThix can be added for thickening, but be careful not to over thicken with TinThix.

#### 10. THINNING AND SOFTENING:

Add 50 cSt Silicone Fluid to the mixed rubber to thin the mix. Use the fluid sparingly since it leads to some loss of strength, hardness and cure speed. More than 10% fluid addition may exude from the cured rubber. To soften without oil leaching, see below.

#### 11. DEADENER:

To soften without oil leaching, use Smith's Theatrical Prosthetic Deadener or PlatSil Deadener LV. Refer to the Deadener & Hardener for PlatSil Gels Technical Bulletin for instructions on using Deadener. Adding Deadener to PlatSil Gel-0020 and 0030 is not recommended.

#### 12. HARDENER:

PlatSil Part H Hardener can be used to increase the Shore hardness for any of the PlatSil Gels. It also increases working and demold time. Refer to the Deadener & Hardener for PlatSil Gels Technical Bulletin for instructions on using Hardener.

#### 13. COLORING:

Silicone Colors can be added separately or in combination to achieve any desired color. SiliColors are available in Fleshtone, Black, Blue, Green, Red, White and Yellow.

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#### 14. BONDING TO PLASTICS:

PlatSil Gels bond to clean, cured Poly 15-Series Plastics that are less than 24-hours old. Poly 15-Series Plastics bond to PlatSil Gels if poured into the PlatSil Gel while it is still tacky (less than 30-minutes old). Each bonding procedure should be tested to the user's satisfaction prior to actual use in production scale. Remember, release agents on any surface may interfere with good bond development.

#### 15. SAFETY:

Before use, read product labels and Safety Data Sheets. Follow safety precautions and directions. Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with mucous membranes and eyes. Best method of clean up is by wiping with disposable paper towels and washing with waterless hand cleaner, then soap and water. If solvents must be used, denatured ethyl alcohol is best, but should be handled with respect for health and flammability hazards. PlatSil Gels conform to ASTM D4236.

#### 16. SHELF LIFE:

For best results, store products in unopened containers at room temperature (15-32°C/60-90°F). Use products within six months.

#### 17. DISCLAIMER:

The information in this bulletin and otherwise provided by Schouten Syntec is considered accurate. However, no warranty is expressed or implied gel. Refer to the Deadener & Hardener for PlatSil Gels Technical Bulletin for instructions on what percentages of Deadener to add to the various PlatSil Gel products. The stickiness of deadened silicone can be eliminated with powder (once powdered, the stickiness cannot be brought back), or by painting a thin barrier coat of straight PlatSil Gel over the sticky surface. PlatSil Gel applied as a barrier mimics the surface tension of skin. PlatSil Gels can be stippled lightly onto a prepared mold surface (i.e., released with Pol-Ease 2350 allowed to dry, or Pol-Ease 2500), and then layered with deadened PlatSil Gel. regarding the accuracy of the data, the results to be obtained by the use thereof, or that any such use will not infringe any patent. Before using, the user shall determine the suitability of the product for the intended use and user assumes all risk and liability whatsoever in connection therewith.